

Problem Sheet 6

Recall that if $Z = X + iY$ is a complex Brownian motion starting at i , \mathbb{H} is the upper half plane and $T = \inf\{t > 0; Z_t \notin \mathbb{H}\}$, then $Z_T \in \mathbb{R}$ a.s. and

$$\mathbb{P}(Z_T \leq x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\pi(1+t^2)} dt.$$

That is, Z_T has the Cauchy(0, 1) distribution.

1. Let Z be a complex Brownian motion started at $z_0 = x_0 + iy_0 \in \mathbb{H}$. Compute the exit law of Z from \mathbb{H} .
2. Let $\alpha \in (0, \pi)$ and define $C_\alpha = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; \arg(z) \in (0, \alpha)\}$. Let Z be a complex Brownian motion started at $Z_0 = z_0 \in C_\alpha$. Let $T = \inf\{t \geq 0; Z_t \notin C_\alpha\}$. Compute the law of Z_T .
3. Let $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; |z| < 1\}$ and Z be a complex Brownian motion started at $z_0 \in (0, 1)$. Using the transformation

$$f(z) = \frac{z - z_0}{zz_0 - 1}$$

(which you may assume maps $D \leftrightarrow D$), show that, if $T = \inf\{t > 0; Z_t \in \partial D\}$ and $\theta_0 \in [0, 2\pi)$,

$$\mathbb{P}(\arg(Z_T) \leq \theta_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\theta_0} \frac{1 - |z_0|^2}{|z_0 - e^{i\theta}|} d\theta$$

4. Let Z be a complex Brownian motion starting at $Z_0 = 1/e$. Let

$$\Theta_t = \frac{1}{2\pi} \Im \left(\int_0^t \frac{1}{Z_s} dZ_s \right)$$

denote the winding of Z about 0, and T denote the exit time of Z from the unit disc D . Show that Θ_T has a Cauchy(0, 1) distribution.